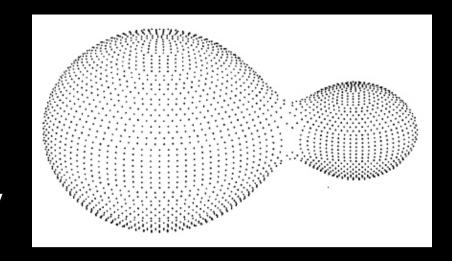
Multi-color survey of W UMa binaries

by Andy Howell Nov 7, 2009

Color survey was begun in 2003 to observe W UMa binary systems in BVR_cI_c colors

 BVR_cI_c colors support structural modeling of W UMa binary systems.

 Dirk Terrell originally suggested the research.



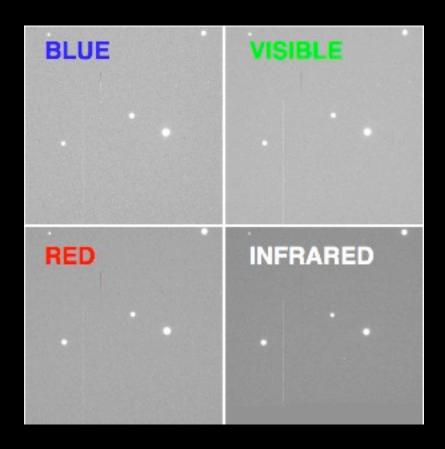
AAS Small Research Grant enabled purchase of BVR_cI_c filters and filter wheel

- 11-inch SCT
- ST-9E camera
- BVR_cI_c filters
- ST-8 filter wheel
- 1 willing observer



35 binary systems and 14 Landolt standards observed, Nov - Dec 2003

- 379 tracks on nine nights
- 1,516 total CCD frames
- Exposures ranged from 5 to 30 seconds
- Used Alt-Az mode for tracking.
- All-Sky photometry



Four frames = 1 track

Having the right tools saves time, makes for fun, and improves scientific value

Task Tool

Image Acquisition	Maxim DL
Photometric Reduction	Mira AL
Airmass calculation	AAVSO Airmass Calculator
Data Storage and Retrieval	FileMaker Pro
Statistical Analysis	Minitab

AAVSO airmass calculator is a useful tool in the observer's toolkit

Date of Observation	2452958.54225	JD or yyyy/mm/dd/hh/mm/ss (UT)
Observer Latitude	29.6691	dd.ddd. North is positive, South is negative
Observer Longitude	-82.3752	dd.ddd or dd mm ss. West is - or W, East is + or E (12.123E or +12.123)
Target RA	310.647859	degrees or hh:mm:ss or hh mm ss
Target Dec.	0.459361	degrees or dd:mm:ss or dd mm ss
Aperture		cm (optional - only required for scintillation)
Integration Time		seconds (optional - only required for scintillation)

Build a URL text string to trigger the AAVSO air mass calculator

http://www.aavso.org/cgi-bin/airmass.pl?&

jd=2452958.542257&

JULIAN DATE

lat=29.6691&long=-82.3752&

LAT & LONG

ra=310.647859&dec=0.459361

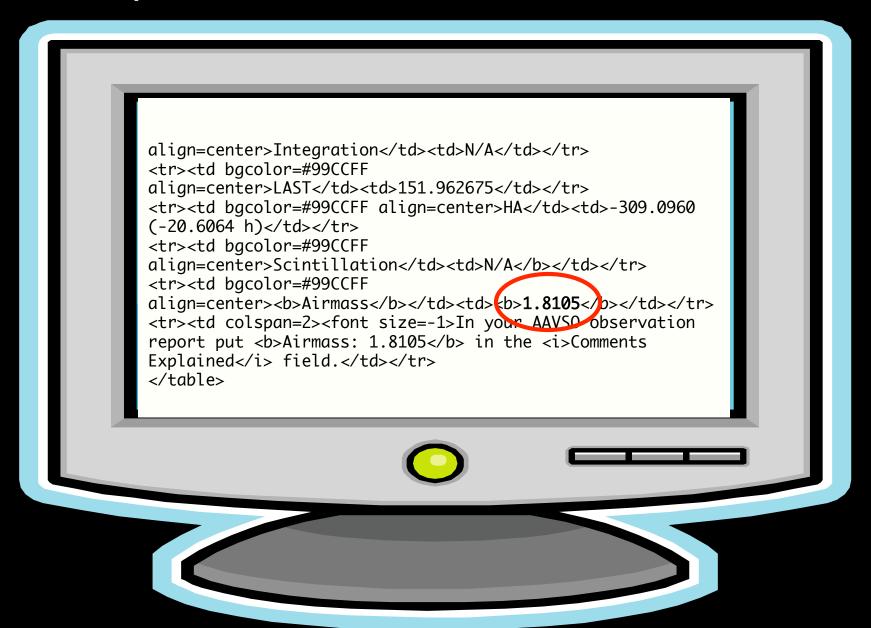
RA & DEC

Pasting the URL text string into a browser triggers the AAVSO airmass calculator

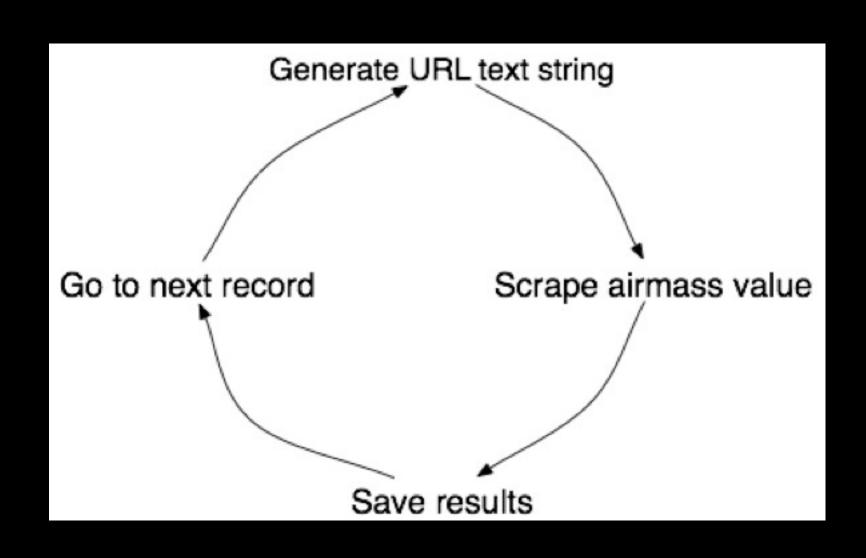
Airmass	(1.8105)
Scintillation	N/A
HA	-309.0960 (-20.6064 h)
LAST	151.962675
Integration	N/A
Aperture	N/A
Date	2452958.542257
Long.	-82.3752
Lat.	29.6691
Dec.	0.459361
RA	310.647859

In your AAVSO observation report put Airmass: 1.8105 in the Comments Explained field.

"Scrape" the airmass value from the screen



1,516 air mass values were scraped from AAVSO web site using FileMaker macro



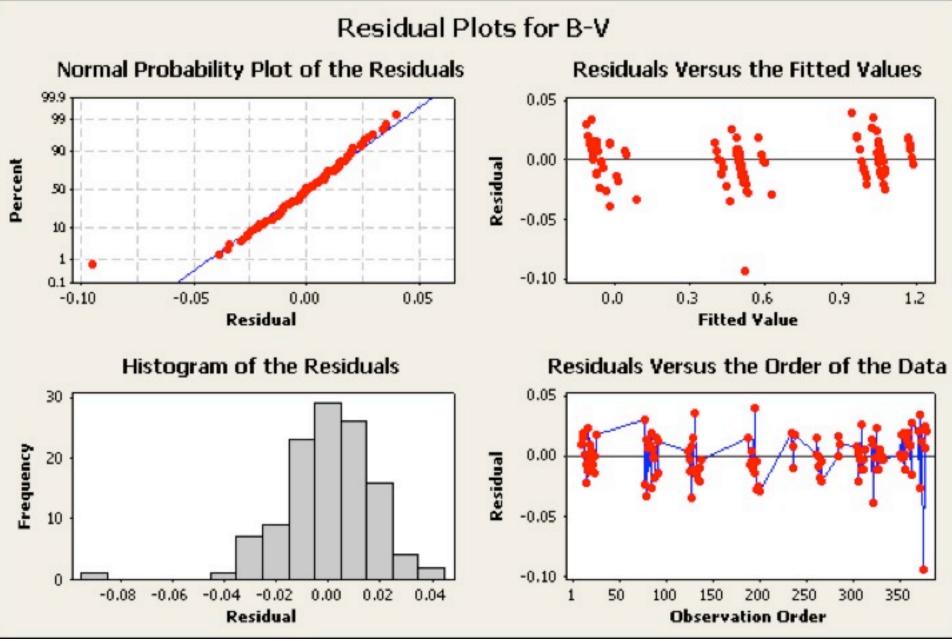
Transform instrumental colors to standard colors using regression modeling

 $CI = f(instrumental\ color,\ airmass,\ night) + error$

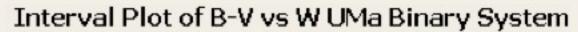


Data were analyzed *en masse* to get a global solution for transformation coefficient, extinction coefficient, and zero pts.

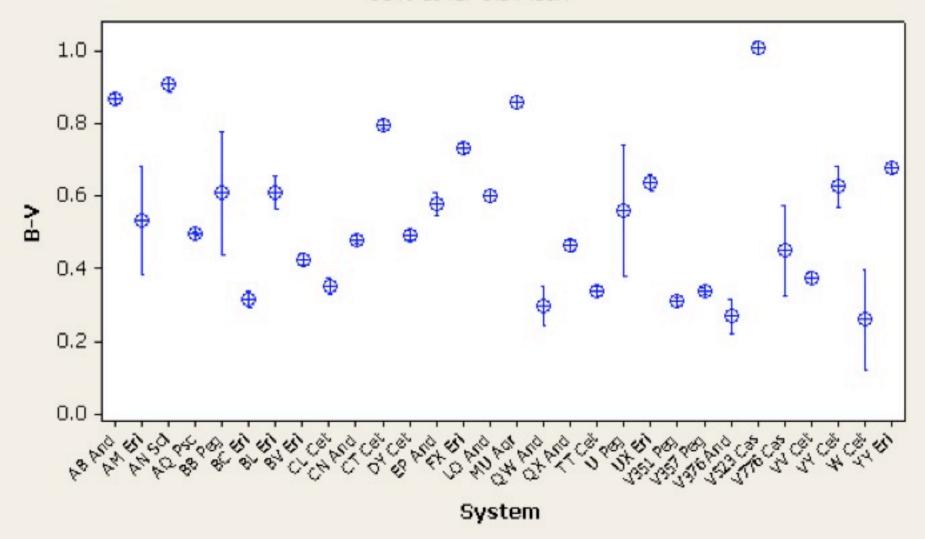
Analyze residuals to diagnose model fit



Calculate 95% C.I.'s of B-V for the program stars



95% CI for the Mean



If I were to do this again, I would . . .

- Avoid objects that are optical doubles.
- Focus on systems brighter than 12th magnitude.
- Figure out how to capture air mass and filter in the FITS header.
- Don't wait six years to reduce the data.



This research was supported by a grant from NASA administered by the American Astronomical Society

Questions?